Low-power 2-input OR-gate Rev. 11 — 17 January 2022

### 1. General description

The 74AUP1G32 is a single 2-input OR gate. Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times. This device ensures very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. This device is fully specified for partial power down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the potentially damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial power-down mode operation
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II Level B
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 μA (maximum)
  - Complies with JEDEC standards:
    - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
    - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
    - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
    - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
    - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



# 3. Ordering information

1	Table	1.	Ordering	information

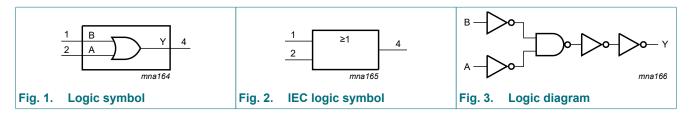
Type number	Package						
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version			
74AUP1G32GW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1			
74AUP1G32GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886			
74AUP1G32GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1115			
74AUP1G32GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1202			
74AUP1G32GX	-40 °C to +125 °C	X2SON5	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 5 terminals; body 0.8 × 0.8 × 0.32 mm	SOT1226-3			

### 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking				
Type number	Marking code[1]			
74AUP1G32GW	pG			
74AUP1G32GM	pG			
74AUP1G32GN	pG			
74AUP1G32GS	pG			
74AUP1G32GX	pG			

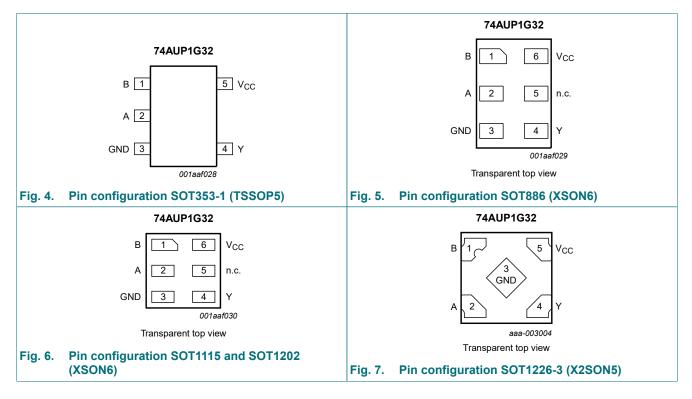
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

## 5. Functional diagram



## 6. Pinning information





### 6.2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	TSSOP5 and X2SON5	XSON6	
В	1	1	data input
A	2	2	data input
GND	3	3	ground (0 V)
Y	4	4	data output
n.c.	-	5	not connected
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	6	supply voltage

### Table 3. Pin description

### 7. Functional description

#### Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

Input	Output	
Α	В	Y
L	L	L
L	Н	Н
Н	L	Н
Н	Н	Н

### 8. Limiting values

#### Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode [1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	$V_{O} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	+50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C to } +125 \text{ °C}$ [2]	-	250	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT886 (XSON6) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT1115 (XSON6) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.2 mW/K above 71 °C.

For SOT1202 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT1226-3 (X2SON5) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.0 mW/K above 67 °C.

### 9. Recommended operating conditions

#### Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit			
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V			
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V			
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V			
		Power-down mode; $V_{CC} = 0 V$	0	3.6	V			
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C			
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V			

# **10. Static characteristics**

#### Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
011	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	$V_I$ = GND to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.2	μA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 0.2 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.2	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.5	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V; I_{O} = 0 A; V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ [1]	-	-	40	μA
CI	input capacitance	$V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	0.8	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_0 = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

Symbo	I Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> =	-40 °C to +85 °C					
VIH	HIGH-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.03	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_0 = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	-	-	V
		$I_0 = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	-	-	V
		$I_0 = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	-	-	V
		$I_0 = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.55	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
0L		$I_0 = 20 \mu\text{A};  V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{V}$	_	_	0.1	V
		$I_0 = 1.1 \text{ mA; } V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		$I_0 = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.37	V
		$I_0 = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$		-	0.35	V
		$I_0 = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	_	0.33	V
		$I_0 = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$			0.45	V
		$I_0 = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		_	0.33	V
		$I_0 = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$			0.45	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{\rm I}$ = GND to 3.6 V; $V_{\rm CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V		_	±0.5	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage	$V_1 = 0.02 \text{ to } 0.0 \text{ v}, V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 0.0 \text{ V}$ $V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	_		±0.5	μA
OFF	current	v o v o s.o v, vec - o v	-	-	10.5	μΛ
∆I <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.6	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.9	μA
∆l <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	50	μA
T <sub>amb</sub> =	-40 °C to +125 °C		<u> </u>			1
VIH	HIGH-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
VIL	LOW-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.25 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	voltage	$V_{\rm CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	_	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V to } 2.1 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-	0.9	V

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
011	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.6 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.93	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.17	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.77	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.67	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.40	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.30	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = 20 µA; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11 0.33 × V <sub>CC</sub> 0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.33 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{I}$ = GND to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
∆I <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 0.2 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.75	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	75	μA

[1] One input at V\_{CC} - 0.6 V, other input at V\_{CC} or GND.

# **11. Dynamic characteristics**

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 9

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур [1]	Мах	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF					
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see Fig. 8 [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	16.8	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.4	5.1	10.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.6	3.6	6.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.4	3.0	5.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.1	2.4	3.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	2.1	3.5	ns

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	м	in	Тур <mark>[1]</mark>	Мах	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u>	[2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-	20.3	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2	.3	5.9	12.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1	.9	4.2	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1	.7	3.5	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1	.4	2.9	4.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1	.3	2.7	4.3	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF						_
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u>	[2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-	23.8	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3	.3	6.7	14.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2	.3	4.8	8.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2	.0	4.0	6.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1	.7	3.3	5.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1	.5	3.1	4.9	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF		I				
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see Fig. 8	[2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-	34.1	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4	.5	9.0	19.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3	.4	6.3	11.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2	.6	5.3	8.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2	.3	4.4	7.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2	.2	4.2	6.4	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C						_
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation	$f = 1 MHz; V_I = GND to V_{CC}$	[3]				
	capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-	2.5	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		-	2.6	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		-	2.8	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		-	2.9	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		-	3.4	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		-	3.9	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.

[1] Fin typical values are instantial total to the function of the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ . [2]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ . [3]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu$ W).  $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;  $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

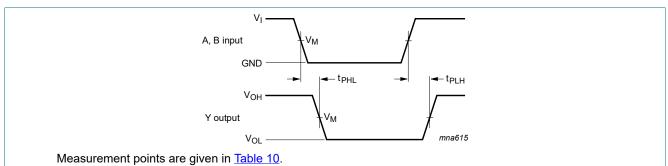
### Table 9. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 9

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
		-	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p	F						_
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.1	11.9	2.1	13.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.4	7.5	1.4	8.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.2	6.0	1.2	6.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	4.6	1.0	5.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.9	4.1	0.9	4.6	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 10	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.1	13.8	2.1	15.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.7	8.7	1.7	9.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.5	6.9	1.5	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.3	5.5	1.3	6.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.2	5.0	1.2	5.5	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 15	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.0	15.6	3.0	17.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.0	9.8	2.0	10.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	7.9	1.8	8.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	6.3	1.6	6.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5	5.8	1.5	6.4	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 30	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A, B to Y; see <u>Fig. 8</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.0	21.5	4.0	23.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.9	13.3	2.9	14.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4	10.7	2.4	11.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.2	8.4	2.2	9.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.1	7.7	2.1	8.5	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

### 11.1. Waveforms and test circuit

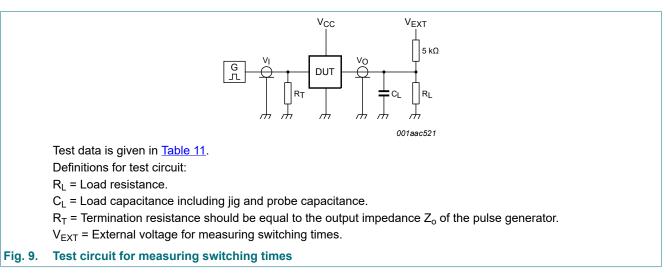


Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

### Fig. 8. The data input (A or B) to output (Y) propagation delays

### Table 10. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input			
V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	VI	$t_r = t_f$	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 3.0 ns	



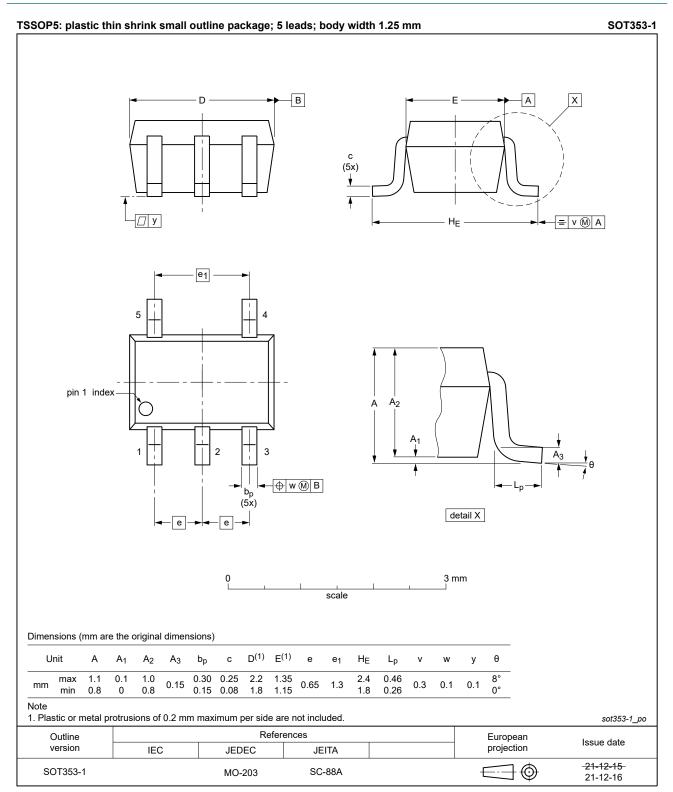
#### Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>cc</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L = 5 k\Omega$ .

For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1  $M\Omega$ 

### 12. Package outline



#### Fig. 10. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

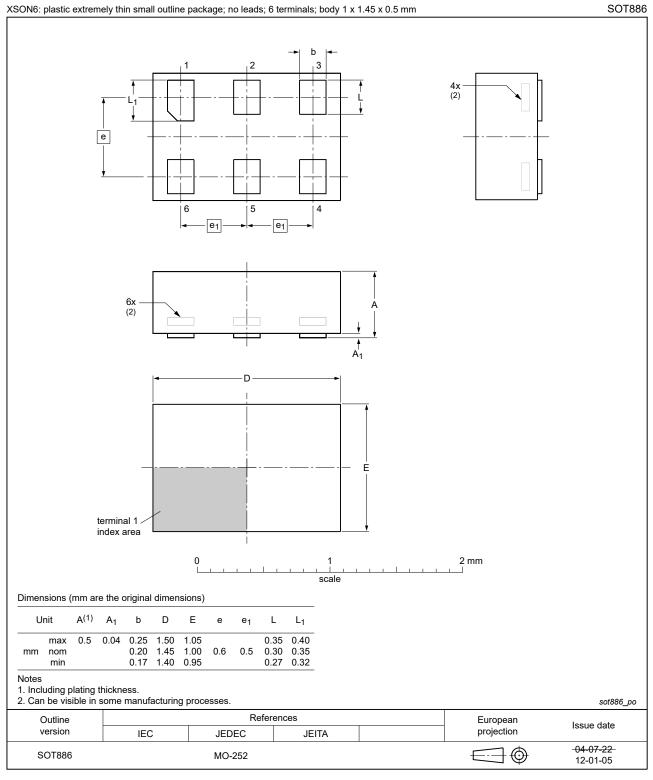
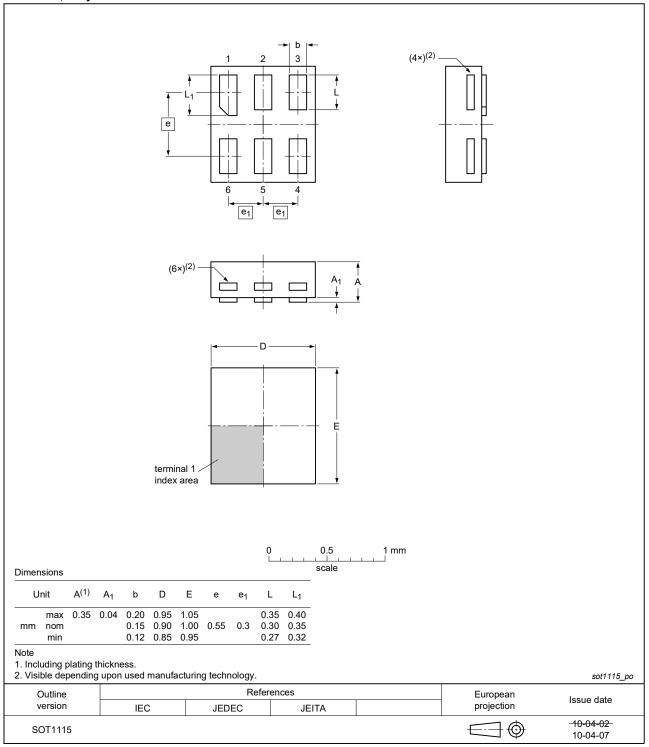


Fig. 11. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

SOT1115

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

# XSON6: extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm





SOT1202

### Low-power 2-input OR-gate

XSON6: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
6 terminals; body 1.0 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

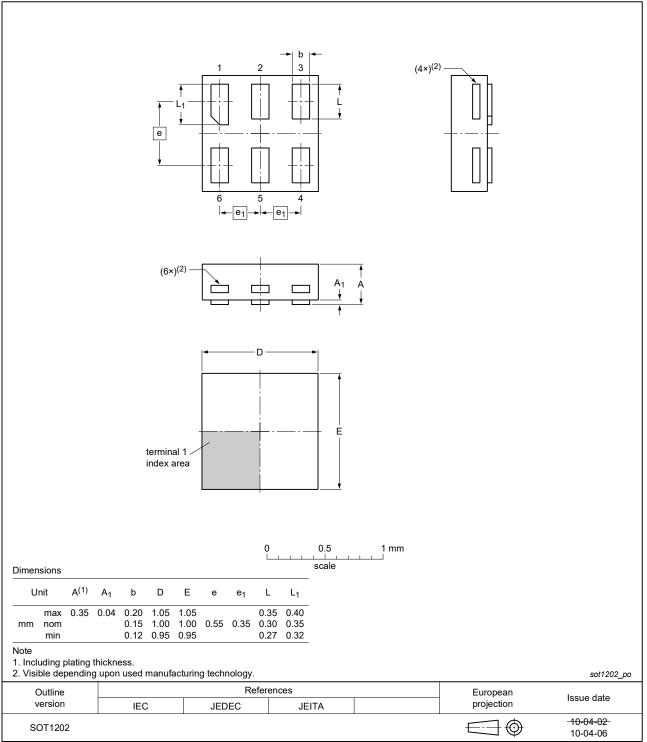
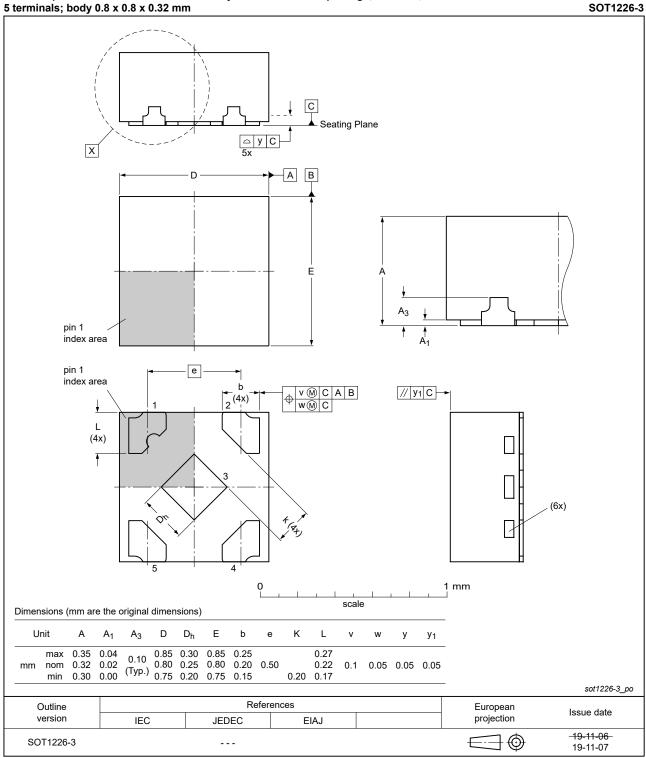


Fig. 13. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

#### Low-power 2-input OR-gate



X2SON5: plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 5 terminals; body 0.8 x 0.8 x 0.32 mm

Fig. 14. Package outline SOT1226-3 (X2SON5)

## 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description	
CDM	Charged Device Model	
DUT	Device Under Test	
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge	
НВМ	Human Body Model	
MM	Machine Model	

# 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes			
74AUP1G32 v.11	20220117	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.10			
Modifications:	• <u>Fig. 10</u> : Pac	• Fig. 10: Package outline drawing for SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) has changed.					
74AUP1G32 v.10	20210805	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.9			
Modifications:	••	<ul> <li>Type number 74AUP1G32GF (SOT891/XSON6) removed.</li> <li>Section 1 and Section 2 updated.</li> </ul>					
74AUP1G32 v.9	20210423	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.8			
Modifications:	•	<ul> <li>SOT1226 (X2SON5) package changed to SOT1226-3 (X2SON5) package.</li> <li><u>Table 5</u>: Derating values for P<sub>tot</sub> total power dissipation updated.</li> </ul>					
74AUP1G32 v.8	20190128	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.7			
Modifications:	of Nexperia. <ul> <li>Legal texts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Typical values C<sub>1</sub> and C<sub>0</sub> corrected (errata).</li> </ul>					
74AUP1G32 v.7	20130708	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.6			
Modifications:	Descriptive	product title on page 1 chan	nge to Low-power	2-input OR-gate			
74AUP1G32 v.6	20130705	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.5			
74AUP1G32 v.5	20120628	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.4			
Modifications:		<ul> <li>Added type number 74AUP1G32GX (SOT1226)</li> <li>Package outline drawing of SOT886 (Fig. 11) modified.</li> </ul>					
74AUP1G32 v.4	20111123	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.3			
Modifications:	Legal pages	Legal pages updated.					
74AUP1G32 v.3	20101012	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.2			
74AUP1G32 v.2	20060721	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G32 v.1			
74AUP1G32 v.1	20050802	Product data sheet	-	-			

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#### **Data sheet status**

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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